

# Some Men and Women of the Hour





Hains brothers at Flush-N. Y., for the slaying of William E. Annis at the Bayside Yacht club last summer is a proceeding that natneally excites more than local interest on account of the prominence of the families concerned

and the sensational character of the tracedy. Military, society and literary circles are especially absorbed in the outcome of the trial, for the name of Hains has been an honored one in the army and a noted one in literature, while in leading social circles in Washington, Bos-

ton and New York the families now

enjoying so much undesirable public-

ity were formerly conspicuous. The distinction of presiding at this trial-one bound to become celebrated in legal annals-belongs to one of the younger judges of the supreme bench of the state of New York, Frederick E. Crane of the borough of Brooklyn. On the opening morning of the trial when the court attendants rapped for order the standing audience saw Judge Crane advance in his black robe, very fair in complexion, clean shaven, youthful looking and indicating by every action that he was brimful of energy. The lawyers had already learned that he did not purpose tolerating any delay that could possibly be avoided. He had informed them that he would hold night sessions, and from the outset he expedited the preliminaries.

Judge Crane is a graduate of the Adelphia academy and the Columbia Law school and before elevation to the bench was counsel in many noted civil and criminal suits.

Joseph Pulitzer, who is accused by President Roosevelt of libeling the United States government through publications in his newspaper, the New York World, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his connection with the World only a few weeks ago As the president's recent special message to congress was devoted chiefly to the alleged offenses of the World in connection with the charges of scandal in the negotiations associated with the purchase of the Panama canal. the personality of Mr. Pulitzer is thrust into the foreground. It is an unusual thing for a private citizen to be mentioned specifically and singled out for criticism and denunciation as the proprietor of the World was in this message. Mr. Roosevelt's action was based on his belief that the circumstances of this case justified a departure from precedents.

Mr. Pulitzer was born in Budapest, Hungary, in 1847 and, coming to this country in 1864, entered the army and served until the end of the civil war in a cavalry regiment. Taking up his residence in St. Louis at the close of the war, he joined the Westliche Post, German, as reporter, rising to the managing editorship. In 1878 he bought the St. Louis Dispatch for a price said to have been \$500, "and expensive at that." He united it with the St. Louis Post, and by application of his ideas he turned the Post-Dispatch into one of the best paying and strongest papers in Missouri. In 1883 he bought the New York World and



duplicated his Post-Dispatch success. He served in the Missouri legislature and in 1885 was elected to congress from a New York district, but resigned fter a few months' service.

Frederick Kohler, chief of police in the city of Cleveland, O., is the best chief of police in America, in the opinon of President Roosevelt. That rime in the cities can be reduced to a ainimum, if not actually checked, by re simple observance of the Golden Rule Chief Kohler thinks he has prov-A year's trial of this policy in dealing with crime and criminals in and now other cities are preparing to Chief Kohler was the first man to em- author of a half dozen scholarly works. cathedral fell, killing the watchman. Eggs-Selected local, 42 @ 43c,

THE trial of the Ploy the Golden Rule in treating with crime, so to him belongs the credit of whatever success it has attained. The Golden Rule policy was put into effect a year ago, and statistics for the first nine months, which have just been compiled, prove it to be an unqualified success.

> The Earl of Warwick, who is on a visit to this country and who has been talking over with President Roosevelt the subject of game in Africa, has made a number of hunting trips to the

section the president expects to visit. He prophesies that Mr. Roosevelt will have no end of sport and would not be surprised if he bagged an elephant, though the earl himself has not been fortunate enough to get one. The British nobleman has been brought to notice in this country more

on his wife's ac- EARL OF WARWICK. count than his own. The Countess of Warwick, who has been in turn brilliant society leader, philanthropist and Socialist advocate, visited this country not long since for the especial purpose, it was said, of studying the condition of the Socialist movement here. It was reported at one time that the earl had leaning toward socialism, too, but his utterances during his American visit do not bear out such a view. Indeed, he intimated that his wife was like a good many women, somewhat changeable in her ideas, and therefore he did not like to define her position economic questions because it might have shifted a little by the time of his return.

The earl and his accomplished wife expect to entertain President Roosevelt at Warwick castle during his stay in England, and the earl has undertaken the commission of having a pair of hunting boots built in London for Mr. Roosevelt specially suitable for service in the African jungles.

Douglas Robinson, President Roose velt's brother-in-law, whose name figures in the Panama canal controversy, has made specific denial that he had



DOUGLAS ROBINSON.

anything to do with the transactions regarding the sale of the canal property to the United States. He is connected with banking and railway enterprises in New York and is at present coreceiver with Adrian H. Joline of the Metropolitan Street Railway company. He is a brother of the present Mrs. Roosevelt and is reputed a man of considerable wealth.

the investigation of methods of finance a commission recently appointed by Governor Hughes of New York. The commission is charged to report if any changes are desirable in the laws bearing upon speculation in securities and commodities or relating to the protection of investors. At the head of the commission is the noted author and editor Horace White.

Mr. White was born in Colebrook, N. H., Aug. 10, 1834, and was graduated from Beloit college, Wisconsin, in 1853. He early went into newspaper work, becoming city editor of the Chicago Evening Journal in 1854 and Chicago agent of the New York Asso-

clated Press in 1855. In 1857 Mr. White joined the Chibrought him frequently into relations with Abraham Lincoln. He reported the entire series of Lincoln and Douglas debates for the Tribune and in 1860 was secretary of the Illinois Republican state committee during the presidential campaign. During the civil war he spent four years in Washington and with others formed the first syndicate of newspapers in this country for the reception of a joint news service from the front. From 1865 to 1874 Cleveland has convinced him of it, he was chief editor of the Chicago Tribune, resigning because of ill health. follow the example of Cleveland in in. He joined the New York Evening Post stituting the Golden Rule policy. It is on its reorganization by Mr. Villard mly a question of time, its advocates in 1881. He has for years been known ar, until " will be adopted every- as one of the greatest financial authorwhere the ughout the United States. Ities in the United States and is the

# PRESIDENT ANSWERS

SENDS SPECIAL MESSAGE ON USE OF SECRET SERVICE EMPLOYES.

Umbrage Taken by Congress at the Wording of Parts of the Message Unwarranted.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Replying to the resolution of the house of representatives asking the president to explain the references to the secret service in his recent annual message, Mr. Roosevelt sent a special communication to the house.

He declares that the representatives are wholly unjustified in assuming that the language of the message, which commented on the prohibition placed by congress on the use of secret service men in cases other than those of counterfeiting ("and one or two other matters which can be disregarded"), is intended to cast a slur upon them.

The language which the representatives wanted explained is as follows:

"The amendment in question operates only to the advantage of the criminal, of the wrongdoer. chief argument in favor of the provision was that the congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated by secret service men. A special exception could be made in the law prohibiting the use of the secret service force in investigating members of the congress. It would be far better to do this than to do what actually was done and strive to prevent, or at least to hamper, effective action against criminals by the executive branch of the government."

The special message declares that, notwithstanding the umbrage taken by congress at this wording, "a careful reading of this message will show that I said nothing to warrant the statement that 'the majority of the congressmen were in fear of being investigated by the secret service men' or 'that congress as a whole was actuated by that motive.' I did not make any such statement in this message. Moreover, I have never made any such statement about congress as a whole nor, with a few inevitable exceptions, about the members of congress in any message or have always not only deprecated, but a straightforward manner. vigorously resented, the practice of indiscriminate attack upon congress and indiscriminate condemnation of all congressmen, wise and unwise, fit and unfit, good and bad alike."

Mr. Roosevelt declares the evidence that members of congress did not wish themselves investigated by secret service men is found in the debates recorded in the Congressional Record. He denounces as wholly unfounded a newspaper story to the effect that he wishes to make Chief Wilkie of the secret service a second Fouche, modeled after the notorious chief of police of Napoleon.

The real issue, says Mr. Roosevelt, is, "Does congress desire that the

detection of criminals and the prevention and punishment of crime, or does it not?"

He cites cases in which the secret service has secured evidence enough to convict offenders against the fed- HARRIMAN CASE REOPENED

A letter from the president to Speaker Cannon protesting against the cutting down of the appropriation for the secret service, two letticle already mentioned are appended to the message.

## **PROTEST**

Mass Meeting Planned in Every City on Lincoln Day.

Chicago, Jan. 4 .- Mass meetings to protest against the alleged inva-Much general interest attaches to sion of constitutional rights of workingmen by the courts are to be held in Wall street which is to be made by in every city and town in the country on Lincoln's birthday. The movement was started here Sunday by the quent negotiations and the Chicago Federation of Labor.

Hot resolutions from a number of suit. unions bearing on the jail sentences imposed on Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison stirred the delegates. Speakers on the floor likened Judge Wright to Pontius Pilate and declared the imprisonment of Gompers and his associates would as surely bring about redress for the workers as did the crucifixion of Christ establish Christianity.

Millions to Fight Plague.

New York, Jan. 4.-A million dollars in round numbers was spent in cago Tribune in a position which the United States last year in the campaign against tuberculosis, according to the annual report of the National Association for the Prevention and Study of Tuberculosis All classes of people are taking up the crusade, including labor unions, churches and laymen. An important factor was the Red Cross. During the year more institutions and organizations for the cure of tuberculosis were established than the total number of such institutions in existence prior to January 1, 1908.

Earth Shakes in North.

Copenhagen, Jan. 3 .- There were \$13@14 per ton; wheat hay, \$13 earthquake shocks last night at per ton; alfalfa, \$13@14 per ton. Branca Leon and Caltagirone. At the latter place a portion of the 37c per lb.; ranch, 23c per lb.

BURBANK SUCCEEDS WITH THE THORNLESS CACTUS

Los Angeles, Jan. 4 .- The official reports on the first Summer's field cultivation of the Burbank thornless cactus were issued Saturday by the Western Empire, an agricultural journal which has had charge of extensive experiments on the new for-

The largest tests were made upon the hardy thornless varieties, which Luther Burbank collected from all parts of the world, and of these varieties large quantities will be distributed this year to those who will make experimental tests with them.

The report concludes that thornless varieties have to be fenced to protect them from rabbits. The uses as a fodder for the family cow and for poultry upon the small tracts where pesonal attention is given seem to have been fully established.

WIDOW SAYS ERB TRIED TO KILL HER WITH PISTOL

Media, Pa., Jan. 3 .- Mrs. M. Florence Erb, who with her sister, Miss Catherine Beisel, is charged with the murder of Mrs. Erb's husband, took the witness stand Saturday and told



MRS. J. CLAYTON ERB.

a sensational story of extreme cruelty on the part of her husband as one of the causes leading up to the shooting of Captain Erb. Mrs. Erb aparticle or speech. On the contrary, I peared nervous, but told her story in

## BURTON FOR SENATOR

Ohio Republican Caucus Nominates Him by Acclamation.

Columbus, O., Dec. 4 .- Theodore Burton was named as the next Senator from Ohio by the Republicans, to succeed Senator Foraker, by acclamation in the Republican legislative caucus Saturday afternoon.

Storm King Grips Alaska. Nome, Jan. 3.—The worst storms which have ever swept the peninsula are in progress. The mercury is steadily falling and much suffering results. During the storm four Es kimos were stranded on an ice floe. Rescue was impossible and they per-

ished almost in sight of the city.

Government Continues Dissolution Suit Against Union Pacific.

New York, Jan. 5,-Hearings of ters from Secretary Cortelyou on the the government's dissolution suit same subject and the newspaper ar- against the Union Pacific railroad were reopened in this city today before Examiner Sylvester G. Williams.

One of the points which the government is using in the suit against the railroad is the arrangement whereby the Southern Pacific became a half owner of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Santa Fe and a traffic agreement was made whereby each side agreed not to change its rates without the consent of the other for 99 years.

The issuance of stock and bonds in 1901 to finance the purchase of Northern Pacific stock, the subseand Alton deal also figure in the

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat-Track prices: Club, 90c; red Russian, 88c; bluestem, 96c; Valley, 92c. Barley-Feed, \$26.50; rolled,

\$28@29 Oats-No. 1 white, \$32; gray,

Hay-Timothy, Williamette Valley, fancy, \$15; do. ordinary, \$12; Eastern Oregon, mixed, \$16; dc. fancy, \$18; alfalfa, \$12.50; elover, \$12. Butter-Extra, 36 @ 37c; fancy, 23@ 34c; choice, 30c; store, 1 No.

Hops-1908, choice, prime, 5@ 6c; medium, 4@ 5c; 1907,

Eggs-Extra, 40@43c.

Wool-Valley, 14@15 1/2c; 1b.; Eastern Oregon, 8@ 16c, as shrinkage. Mohair-Choice, 18@19c.

SEATTLE MARKETS. Wheat-Bluestem, \$1.04. Oats-\$32@33.

Barley-\$27.50@28. Hay-Eastern Washington timothy, \$18 per ton; Puget Sound hay, Rutter - Washington creamery, in the state penitentlary at Sen

SUFFERERS RELIEVED

WORK IN EARTHQUAKE DIS-TRICT REDUCED TO SYS-TEM BY KING.

Latest Estimates of Dead Exceed 200,000-More Than Half Coast Population Is Exterminated.

Rome, Jan. 5 .- Although graphic stories are coming into Rome of the horrors in Southern Italy and Sicily. these are but repetitions of individual tragedies already recorded. What chiefly concerns the government and the people is the progress that is being made toward the relief of those who have suffered by the dread visitation. Considerable advance in this respect has been made at Messina, where, according to official reports received here, the supply service is beginning to work satisfactorily.

The minister of justice has telegraphed from Messina to Premier Giolitti that large bodies of troops have arrived and are now eccupying all parts of the town. The appalling extent of the disaster renders anything like a systematic search of the ruins, but persons are being dragged out continually and are being transported to the relief ships as soon as their wounds receive attention.

Dead Exceed 200,000.

The latest investigation on both sides of the straits make it certain that many more than half the population of the coast towns and villages have been killed. Professor Ricco. director of the observatory at Mount



POPE PIUS X.

Etna, estimates that the victims of the earthquake exceed 200,000.

Public opinion is greatly concerned EXAMINERS OF WESTERN with regard to the safety of the King and Queen and the possible danger from tottering walls. The King frequently has tried to persuade the ence of all the National bank exam-Queen to return to Rome, but she iners west of Denver are in session

Pope's Appeal to World.

It is stated that the Pope has decided to send an appeal to the Catholic bishops throughout the world to obtain subscriptions to the earthquake fund. He will place particuiar dependence on the generosity of Americans, English and Irish.

An American recommends that through the co-operation of Americans in Rome, steamers be chartered at Naples to carry provisions, clothing and medical supplies of all kinds as well as doctors and nurses to the Straits of Messina.

The United States is far ahead of other nations in the relief work. Ambassador Griscom, has chartered a vessel for two weeks at a cost of \$50,000 to carry medical supplies. doctors, nurses and provisions to the devastated district.

Congress Will Give \$500,000. Washington, Jan. 4.—Resolutions were introduced today in the senate and house providing for an appropriation of \$500,000 for Italian relief. The resolutions provide that the money shall be used for provisions, clothing, medicines and other necessary articles and the president is authorized to employ any vessels of the United States navy or to charter and employ other suitable steamships to carry out the purposes of this government.

illeged Scion of Nobility Passed Worthless Check.

San Francisco, Jan. 4. -After wanfering about the a reets of San Franisco for 48 hours without a penny n his pockets and suffering from nunger and exposure, Count W. von Gassendorff, claiming to be the scion of a noble German house, whose es ates are valued at about \$2,000,000. was lodged in the city jall Saturday light. The count will be held at the all, pending advice from Portland. here he is wanted on a charge of staining money under false pre-

Chang Given 25 Years. San Francisco, Jan. 4 .- In Whan Chang, the Corean who shot and killed Ducham White Stevens in this city last March, was sentenced Saturday to serve a term of 25 years

Quantin.

CHINESE BEAT JAPANESE IN

FOOTBALL GAME, 10 TO 0 Oaldand, Cal., Jan. 4.—In an exciting and unique football contest, the first to have been held in the history of the game between the Japanese and Chinese, the Imperials, a picked Celestial eleven and all native sons, defeated the Fujis by a score of 10 to 0.

The oddness of the affair created a stir in sportdom. Both teams showed an intimate acquaintance with the American game and put up a good exhibition, considering the sloppy condition of the gridiron. The signals were in Euglish. Many Chinese girls and boys were on hand and took a keen delight in the con-

### CHINA SITUATION BAD

Aftaches of the Foreign Legations Fear a Crisis.

Pekin, Jan. 3.-Following the dismissal from office yesterday of Yuan Shi Kai, grand counsellor and commander-in-chief of the forces, and the appointment of Na Tung, an edict was issued today appointing Liang Tung Yen, customs taotai, to the position made vacant on the foreign board by the advancement of Na

The representatives of Great Britain, the Uninted States and Germany view the regent's action as tantamount to an affront to the powers, on account of Yuan Shi Kai's posttion abroad. The dismissed counselfor has long been recognized as the medium of fair and equitable treatment toward the nations. Japan concurs in the opinion that the dismissal is certain to result in international injury, but that representations to China would be difficult.

The court's action a fortnight ago in increasing the palace troops and forbidding the entrance to the palace, even of the highest officials, without passes, was taken as an indication at that time of the alarm felt in court circles, and it is now believed that there was fear also of an anti-dynastic plot,

### STANDARD OIL CO. WINS

Uncle Sam's Petition for Writ of Certierari Refused.

Washington, Jan. 4 .- The \$29,-000,000 fine case of the Standard Oil Company will not be reviewed by the supreme court of the United States.

The decision of the court to this effect was announced by Chief Justice Fuller soon after the court adjourned today. The case came to the court on a petition filed by the government asking the court in a petition for a writ of certierari to order up the record in the case for a review of the decision of the United States court, by which Judge Landis' original decision imposing a fine of \$25,000,000 against the Standard Oil Company for accepting rebates from the railway companies was reversed.

BANKS CONVENE IN MEDFORD

Medford, Ore., Dec. 5 .- A conferhas always refused to leave her hus- in this city today, in pursuance of an order recently made by the Controller of Currency. Medford was selected as the place of meeting for the reason that it is centrally located. The bank examiners will come from practically all the states west of the Rocky mountains.

The purpose of the conference is the discussion of methods of conducting bank examinations, comparing and combining information secured from the banks, etc. About 12 or 15 bank examiners are present.

### ATLANTIC FLEET AT SUEZ

Ahead of Schedule, After Next to Longest Run of Voyage.

Suez, Jan. 3.-The United States Atlantic battleship fleet, completing two days ahead of its schedule the next to the longest run of its worldgirdling cruise, arrived here this morning from Colombo, a distance of 3840 knots. The fleet gailed on December 20 from Colombo. loss of a seaman from the battleship Illinois, who fell overboard and was drowned, was the only accident to mar the voyage from Colombo,

Train Robber Confesses. Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 4 .- Undue haste to purchase a ticket and the nervousness displayed by E. Burke, who gave St. Louis as his home, led to his arrest Sunday and to the dis-covery that the safe aboard the train conveying a wild west circus to Fort Worth had been blown and robbed of

Castro Very Sick Again. Berlin, Jan. 4 .- Senor Castro, ex-

\$15,000.

president of Venezuela, has grown suddenly worse and will undergo an operation in a few days.

Brady Becomes Idaho's Governor. Boise, Idaho, Jan. 4 .- James H. Brady was inaugurated governor of Idaho today, following which the tenth legislature was convened.

